

NSFA WG Update

WG Numerical Standards of Fundamental Astronomy

- Goals

- Update “IAU Current Best Estimates”
- Conforming with IAU Resolutions/IERS Conventions/SI

- Members

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IAU 2009 Resolution B2

- Adopted at the 2009 IAU General Assembly
- Current Best Estimates (CBEs) of WG became the IAU (2009) System of Astronomical Constants
- Recommends
 - Keeping CBEs as an electronic document
 - Developing a procedure for adopting CBEs
 - That IAU Division I establish a permanent body to maintain CBEs for fundamental astronomy

Features of New System wrt 1976 IAU System

- New, more descriptive category names
- Eight constants added: L_B , TDB_0 , θ_0 , $d\theta/dt$, M_S/M_{Eris} , M_{Ceres}/M_S , M_{Pallas}/M_S , M_{Vesta}/M_S
- Two constants removed: τ and p
- Twelve values have been replaced: G , au , L_C , M_M/M_E , M_S/M_V , M_S/M_{Ma} , M_S/M_J , M_S/M_{Sa} , M_S/M_P , GM_S , GM_E , ε_0

Explanation of Table

- Items listed in **green** are new additions to the list of constants
- Unless otherwise noted, the constants should be considered to be in terms of SI units

Defining Constants (SI)

| Constant | Value | Reference | Adopted |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------|
| Natural Defining Constants | | | |
| c | 2.997 924 58 x 10 ⁸ ms ⁻¹ | CODATA 2006 | IAU, IERS |
| Auxiliary Defining Constants | | | |
| k ^[1] | 1.720 209 895 x 10 ⁻² | IAU 1976, Gauss (1857) | IAU |
| L _G | 6.969 290 134 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ | IAU 2000 Res. B1.9, Petit (2000) | IAU, IERS |
| L _B | 1.550 519 768 x 10 ⁻⁸ | IAU 2006 Res. B3 | IAU |
| TDB ₀ ^[2] | -6.55 x 10 ⁻⁵ s | IAU 2006 Res. B3 | IAU |
| θ ₀ ^[3] | 0.779 057 273 264 0 revolutions | IAU 2000 Res. B1.8, Capitaine <i>et al.</i> (2000) | IAU |
| dθ/dt ^[3] | 1.002 737 811 911 354 48 rev UT1-day ⁻¹ | IAU 2000 Res. B1.8 Capitaine <i>et al.</i> (2000) | IAU |

Current Best Estimates (SI)

| Constant | Value | Reference | Adopted |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Natural Measurable Constants | | | |
| G | $6.674\ 28(67) \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3\text{kg}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}$ | CODATA 2006 | |
| Derived Constants | | | |
| au ^[4] | $1.495\ 978\ 707\ 00(3) \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$ | Pitjeva and Standish (2009) | |
| L _C | $1.480\ 826\ 867\ 41(200) \times 10^{-8}$ | Irwin and Fukushima (1999) | IAU, IERS |

Current Best Estimates (SI)

| Constant | Value | Reference | Adopted |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Body Constants ^[5] | | | |
| M_M/M_E | $1.230\,003\,71(4) \times 10^{-2}$ | Pitjeva and Standish 2009 | |
| M_S/M_{Me} | $6.023\,6(3) \times 10^6$ | Anderson et al. (1987) | IERS |
| M_S/M_V | $4.085\,237\,19(8) \times 10^5$ | Konopliv <i>et al.</i> (1999) | |
| M_S/M_{Ma} | $3.098\,703\,59(2) \times 10^6$ | Konopliv <i>et al.</i> (2006) | |
| M_S/M_J | $1.047\,348\,644(17) \times 10^3$ | Jacobson <i>et al.</i> (2000) | |
| M_S/M_{Sa} | $3.497\,901\,8(1) \times 10^3$ | Jacobson <i>et al.</i> (2006) | |

Current Best Estimates (SI)

| Constant | Value | Reference | Adopted |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| Body Constants | | | |
| M_S/M_U | $2.290\,298(3) \times 10^4$ | Jacobson <i>et al.</i> (1992) | IERS |
| M_S/M_N | $1.941\,226(3) \times 10^4$ | Jacobson (2009) | |
| M_S/M_P | $1.365\,66(28) \times 10^8$ | Tholen <i>et al.</i> (2008) | |
| M_S/M_{Eris} | $1.191(14) \times 10^8$ | Brown and Schaller (2007) | |
| M_{Ceres}/M_S | $4.72(3) \times 10^{-10}$ | Pitjeva and Standish (2009) | |
| M_{Pallas}/M_S | $1.03(3) \times 10^{-10}$ | Pitjeva and Standish (2009) | |
| M_{Vesta}/M_S | $1.35(3) \times 10^{-10}$ | Pitjeva and Standish (2009) | |

Current Best Estimates (SI)

| Constant | Value | Reference | Adopted |
|----------------|--|---|---------|
| Body Constants | | | |
| $a_E^{[6]}$ | $6.378\ 136\ 6(1) \times 10^6\ \text{m}$ | Groten (2000), <i>Bursa et al. (1998)</i> | IERS |
| $J_2^{[6]}$ | $1.082\ 635\ 9(1) \times 10^{-3}$ | Groten (2000) | IERS |
| dJ_2/dt | $-3.001(600) \times 10^{-9}\ \text{cy}^{-1}$ | IAU 2006 Res. B1, Capitaine et al. (2005) | |
| GM_S | $1.327\ 124\ 420\ 99(10) \times 10^{20}\ \text{m}^3\text{s}^{-2}$ (TCB-compatible) $1.327\ 124\ 400\ 41(10) \times 10^{20}\ \text{m}^3\text{s}^{-2}$ (TDB-compatible) | <i>Folkner et al. (2008)</i> | |
| GM_E | $3.986\ 004\ 418(8) \times 10^{14}\ \text{m}^3\text{s}^{-2}$ (TCB-compatible) $3.986\ 004\ 415(8) \times 10^{14}\ \text{m}^3\text{s}^{-2}$ (TT-compatible) $3.986\ 004\ 356(8) \times 10^{14}\ \text{m}^3\text{s}^{-2}$ (TDB-compatible) | <i>Ries et al. (1992)</i> | IERS |

Current Best Estimates (SI)

| Constant | Value | Reference | Adopted |
|--------------------------|--|--|---------|
| Body Constants | | | |
| W_0 | $6.263\ 685\ 60(5) \times 10^7 \text{ m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$ | Groten (2000) | IERS |
| $\omega^{[7]}$ | $7.292\ 115 \times 10^{-5} \text{ rad s}^{-1}$ | Groten (2000) | IERS |
| Initial Value at J2000.0 | | | |
| $\varepsilon_0^{[8]}$ | $8.438\ 140\ 6(1) \times 10^4 \text{ ''}$ | IAU 2006 Res. B1, Chapront <i>et al.</i> (2002) | IAU |

Notes

1. The Gaussian gravitational constant, k , defines au.
2. This constant comes from the expression $TDB = TCB - L_B \times (JD_{TCB} - T_0) \times 86400 + TDB_0$.
3. This constant comes from the expression $\theta(UT1) = 2\pi (0.7790572732640 + 1.00273781191135448 \times (\text{Julian UT1 date} - 2451545.0))$.
4. The value for au is TDB-compatible. An accepted definition for the TCB-compatible value of au is still under discussion.
5. All values of the masses from Mars to Eris are the sum of the masses of the celestial body and its satellite(s).

Notes

6. The values for a_e and J_2 are “zero tide” values (see IERS Conventions for an explanation of the terminology). Values according to other conventions can be found in Groten (2000).
7. ω is a nominal value and was chosen to have the number of significant digits limited to those for which the value can be considered constant.
8. ε_0 is a component of the IAU 2006 precession model, which includes expressions that are time dependent.
9. The rate of precession appearing in previous lists of constants is no longer appropriate given the IAU 2006 precession model.

Report

- In preparation
- To be published in *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astr.*

General Scientific Issues

- Keep up with improvements of CBEs due to improved measurements, space missions, etc.
- Deal with expected limitation of constants
- Alternative methods for determining masses of asteroids
- Values provided by the geodetic community

Specific Scientific Issues (2009-2012)

- New values for the mass of Mercury
 - Based on MESSENGER data

Specific Scientific Issues (2009-2012)

- TCB-compatible au
 - Currently there is no accepted definition for a TCB-compatible au
 - Linked to the current definition of au
 - Would be impacted by a change in definition
 - Concern of Commission 52

Specific Scientific Issues (2009-2012)

- Gaussian gravitational constant (k) / astronomical unit (au) / heliocentric gravitational constant (GM_S)
 - Currently k is defining constant and au is a measured constant
 - Provided by K. Gauss in 19th century
 - Proposal by Capitaine (among others) to make au defining constant

Keep k a defining constant

- Pros
 - Currently accepted practice
 - Long-standing definition
 - May be difficult to re-define practically
- Cons
 - Value is not modern

Make au a defining constant

- Pros
 - Fixes au , which matches many astronomers' expectations
- Cons
 - Not currently accepted practice
 - Can all software handle the change?

Functionality Issues (2009-2012)

- How to adopt future CBEs?
 - Need to document a formal procedure
 - Request/proposal
 - Discussion
 - Vote
 - Plurality, Simple majority, Supermajority, Consensus
 - Archive old CBEs
 - Modify CBEs
 - Discuss draft of procedure at Journees

Functionality Issues (2009-2012)

- Design of CBE web site
 - Where is it hosted?
 - IAU or Division I Site
 - Local Site
 - Functionality
 - Based on similar ideas?
 - Gaia constant's web site
 - » <http://gaia.esac.esa.int/gpdb/>

Functionality Issues (> 2012)

- Future of group
 - To be decided by IAU Executive Committee
 - IAU Division I proposing that the IAU by-laws be changed to allow standing working groups
 - NSFA WG could become a standing working group